Govt. College, Ropar Syllabus Plan Class: - BSc. (Medical) Botany Session: - 2019-2020 (Semester-5)

		Paper 10 PLANT GROWTH, DEVELOPMENT AND BIOTECHNOLOGY	PRACTICALS
JULY 3 rd week 4 th week	1.(a) Plant-water relations: Importance of water to plant life; diffusion and osmosis;absorption, transport of water and transpiration; 1.(b) Mechanism of stomatal opening and closing. #TEST	1.(a)Growth, phases of growth, growth kinetics; plant hormones: discovery, bioassay, physiological effects and application of auxins, gibberellins. 1.(b)Physiological effects and application of cytokinins, abcissic acid and ethylene.	1. To study the permeability of plasma membrane using different concentrations of organic solvents. 2. To study the effect of temperature on permeability of plasma membrane 3. To study the enzyme activity of catalase and peroxidase. 4. To demonstrate of the rate of respiration of various plants.
AUGUST 1 ⁵¹ week	Mineral nutrition: Essential macro- and micro- elements and their role; mineral uptake; deficiency and toxicity symptoms.	Photomorphogenesis, discovery, structure, physiological role and mechanism of action of phytochrome and cryptochrome. #TEST	Separation of chloroplast pigments by solvent method. Demonstration of the osmotic potential of vacuolar sap by plasmolytic method. Demonstration of the water
2 nd week	(a)Transport of organic substances: Mechanism of phloem transport;	Photoperiodism, vernalization, biological clocks, physiology of senescence and abscission.	potential of any tuber. 4. Separation of amino acids in the mixture by paper chromatography and theiridentification by comparison
3 rd week	3.(b) source-sink relationship; factors affecting translocation. #TEST	Physiology of seed dormany and seed germination; plant movements. (a)Tools and techniques of	with standard. 5. Demonstration of the technique of micropropagation by using different explants e.g.auxiliary buds, shoot
4 th week	4. Basics of enzymology: Discovery	recombinant DNA technology with special	meristems.

	and nomenclature; characteristics of enzymes; concepts of holoenzyme, apoenzyme, coenzyme and cofactors; regulation of enzyme activity; mechanism of action	reference to restriction enzymes		
SEPTEMBER 1 st week	5.(a) Photosynthesis: Significance; historical aspects; photosynthetic pigments; action spectra and enhancement effect; concept of two photosystems;	5. (b) Techniques of recombinant DNA technology W.R.T. gel electrophoresis, Southern blotting, cloning vectors and PCR.	Demonstration of the techniques of anther culture.	
2 nd week	5.(b)Photosynthesis: Z-scheme; photophosphorylation; Calvin cycle; C4 pathway; CAM plants; photorespiration.	5.(c) Genomic and cDNA library. 6. Techniques of gene mapping and chromosome walking; methods of gene transfer in plants.	Isolation of protoplasts from different tissues using commercially available enzymes (Demonstration only). Demonstration of root and shoot	
3 rd week	MST	MST	formation from the apical and basal portion of stem segments in liquid medium containing different hormones 4. Preparation of synthetic seeds in	
4 th week	6.(a)Respiration: ATP- the biological energy currency	7.(a) Basic concept of plant tissue, culture, totipotency, micropropagation	potato and sugarcane.	
OCTOBER 1 ³¹ week	6(b). Respiration; aerobic and anaerobic respiration; Kreb's cycle; electron transport mechanism (chemi-osmotic theory) redox potential; oxidative	7.(b) Basic concept and mechanism of ,antherculture,embryo culture, synthetic seeds and somatic hybridization. #TEST	Separation of proteins of a given sample through Gel Electrophoresis. Demonstration of necessity of light CO ₂ , and Chlorophyll for	
2 Week	phosphorylation; pentose phosphate pathway.	8.(a) Biotechnology and its application in human welfare with particular reference	photosynthesis. 3. Demonstration of rate of transpiration by Ganong's apparatus.	
3 rd week	#TEST 7. Nitrogen metabolism: Biology of	to industry	Comparison of loss of water from two surfaces of leaf by 4 leaf method Demonstration of path of Ascent of sap by eocin ringing experiment	
	nitrogen fixation; importance of	8.(b) Biotechnology and its application in	Jup by Cocin migning experiment	

4 th week	nitrate reducatse and its regulation; ammonium assimilation.	human welfare with particular reference to plant breeding, agriculture and molecular farming. #REVISION	
NOVEMBER 1 st week 2 nd week	8. Lipid metabolism: Structure and function of lipids; fatty acid biosynthesis; beta-oxidation; saturated and unsaturated fatty acids. #TEST-REVISION	#TEST	Demonstration of phototropism and geotropism. Demonstration of the presence of reducing sugars, fats and proteins in plant tissue by micro-chemical tests. To determine the seed viability through Triphenyl Tetrazolium chloride and actual germination tests.

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		Govt. College, Ropar Syllabus Plan ass: - BSc. (Medical) Bota ion: - 2019-2020 (Semeste	•
Month	Paper 11 PLANT ECOLOGY	Paper 12 PLANT UTILIZATION	PRACTICALS
January 4 th week	 Concept of ecology and its scope.Environmental factors: climatic, edapic, topographic and biotic, Shelfords law oftolerance. 	The importance and nature of plant products- fibres: surface fibres (cotton), soft fibres(Jute), hard fibres (Coir). Forest products: Wood, properties, seasoning and importance, important timber plants of India.	 To determine minimum number of quadrats requiredfor study of a grassland. To study the frequency of herbaceous species in grassland and to compare the frequency distribution with Raunkiaer's Standard Frequency Diagram.
February 1st week 2nd week	 Population ecology: Characteristics, positive and negative interaction, growth forms, Carrying capacity, ecotypes and ecads. 	Brief history of origin of food plants; cultivation practice and recommended varieties of wheat, rice, maize and sugarcane with particular reference to Punjab.	 To estimate ImportanceValue Index (IVI) for grassland species on the basis of relative frequency, relative density and relative biomassin protected and grazed grassland. To measure the above ground plant biomass in agrassland. To determine Kemp'sconstant for
	Community ecology: Community characteristics, focusions described.	#TEST	dicot and monocot leaves and to estimate the

frequency, density and

· leaf area index of a grasslandcommunity.

3 rd week	 cover, life forms. ecological succession (Hydrosere, Xerosere). Gause principle of competitive exclusion. Structure and concept of ecosystem, ecological pyramids,food chain, food web, ecological energetics, ecological productivity. #TEST 	 Cultivation practices and use of soyabean, sunflower, mustard, groundnutand coconut. Vegetables and Fruits: Botanical name,family, season and area of cultivation of Potato, tomato, brinjal, carrot, ladyfinger,pea, mango, apple, banana, guava, kinnow and grapes. 	 To determine diversity indices (Richness, Simpson, Shannon Wiener) in grazed and protected grassland. To estimate bulk density and porosity of grassland andwoodland soil. To determine moisture content and water holding capacity of grassland andwoodland soil. To study the vegetationstructure through profile diagram.
3 rd week 4 th week		Active ingredients of tea and coffee. Cannabis, tobacco and opium.	 Food Plants: Study of the morphology, structure and simple micro chemical tests of the food storing tissues in rice, wheat, maize, potato and sugarcane. Microscopic examination of starch in theseplants (excepting sugarcane). Beverages: Section of boiled coffee beans and tealeaves to study the characteristic structural features. Prepartion of an illustratedinventory of 10 medicinal plants and use their in indigenous systems of medicine of allopathy: Write their botanical and common names, parts used and diseases/disorders for whichthey are prescribed.

April 1 st week 2 nd week	Biodiversity: Introduction and Importance of Biodiversity; Elementsof Biodiversity; Genetic, species and ecological diversity. Conservation strategies, concept of hot spots, Biomes, phytogeographic regions ofIndia, vegetation types (Forests, Grasslands, Desserts and Wetlands).	Rubber: Major sources, cultivation, processing and uses of Para rubber. #TEST	 Fibres: Study of cottonflower, sectioning of the cotton ovules/developingseeds to trace the origin and development of cotton fibres. Microscopic study of cotton and test for cellulose. Sectioning and staining of jutestem showing the location and development of fibres. Microscopic structure. Testsfor ligno-cellulose Vegetable Oils: study of hand sections of groundnut, mustard and coconut and staining of oil droplets with Sudan III and Sudan Black.
			 Spices: Examine Blackpepper, cloves, cinnamon(hand sections) and openfruits of cardamom and describe them briefly.

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